

Features

- Hot Pluggable OSFP form factor
- Operating data rate 425Gbps
- Single +3.3V power supply
- MPO-12 APC connector
- Max power dissipation <10W
- Four Parallel 1310nm Optical Lanes
- 8*53.125Gbps (PAM4) Electrical Interface (400GAUI-8),
 4*106.25Gbps (PAM4) Optical Interface (1*12 APC
 MPO)
- Up to 500m Transmission on Single Mode Fiber (SMF)
 with FEC
- PIN receivers
- Built-in digital diagnostic function
- Commercial temperature range 0°C to 70°C

Compliance

- Compliant with OSFP MSA
- Compliant with CMIS 5.1
- RoHS

Applications

- 400G Ethernet
- Cloud Services
- Data Center Interconnect
- Data center Enterprise networking
- Switches with OSFP ports



Description

The 400G-OSFP-DR4 is a cutting-edge silicon photonics (SiPh) transceiver module designed for high-speed, energy-efficient 400G data center interconnects. Leveraging an advanced SiPh platform, it integrates both active and passive optoelectronic components onto a single chip, delivering a cost-effective, low-power solution for 400GBASE-DR4 applications. Equipped with an MTP/MPO-12 connector, this module supports link lengths of up to 500 meters over single-mode fiber (SMF) and enables flexible deployment as a 1 x 400G connection or a 4 x 100G breakout via QSFP28-DR-100G modules.

Compliant with the OSFP Multi-Source Agreement (MSA), CMIS 4.0 I2C interface, and 400GAUI-8 standards, the 400G-OSFP-DR4 ensures robust interoperability and scalability in modern networks. It transmits 400 Gigabit Ethernet signals over four parallel 1310nm optical lanes, with one wavelength per lane, optimizing bandwidth efficiency and signal integrity. The innovative silicon photonics architecture reduces complexity and power consumption while maintaining high performance, making it ideal for next-generation hyperscale data centers.

Tailored for high-density, energy-conscious environments, this module excels in scenarios requiring extended reach and reliable 400G/100G connectivity. Its compact OSFP form factor, combined with silicon photonics' inherent advantages in integration and thermal management, supports seamless upgrades to 400G infrastructure. Whether deployed for spine-leaf architectures, Al/ML clusters, or storage networks, the 400G-OSFP-DR4 delivers future-proof agility and cost savings for demanding data center workloads.

Product performance Specifications

1. Basic Product Characteristics

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Тур. | Max | Unit | | |
|--|------------------|-------|------|----------------------|------|--|--|
| Absolute Maximum Ratings | | | | | | | |
| Storage Temperature | Ts | -40 | - | +85 | °C | | |
| Operating Case Temperature | T _{OP} | 0 | - | 70 | °C | | |
| Power Supply Voltage | V_{CC} | -0.5 | - | 3.6 | V | | |
| Relative Humidity (non condensing) | RH – Option 1 | 5 | | 95 | % | | |
| Control Input Voltage | Vı | -0.3 | - | V _{CC} +0.5 | V | | |
| Operatio | nal Specificatio | ns | | | | | |
| Power Supply Voltage | V_{CC} | 3.135 | 3.3 | 3.465 | V | | |
| Instantaneous peak current at hot plug (400G) | CC_IP | - | - | 3600 | mA | | |
| Sustained peak current at hot plug (400G) | ICC_SP | - | - | 3000 | mA | | |
| Maximum Power consumption (400G) | PD | - | - | 9 | W | | |
| Maximum Power consumption, Low Power Mode (400G) | PDLP | - | - | tbd | W | | |
| Instantaneous peak current at hot plug (200G) | ICC_IP | - | - | 2200 | mA | | |
| Sustained peak current at hot plug (200G) | ICC_SP | - | - | 1840 | mA | | |



| Maximum Power consumption (200G) | PD | - | - | 5.5 | W |
|--|------|---|--------|-----|-----|
| Maximum Power consumption, Low Power Mode (200G) | PDLP | - | - | 1.5 | W |
| Signaling Rate per Lane | SRL | - | 53.125 | - | GBd |

2. Product Optical and Electrical Characteristics

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Тур. | Max | Unit | Note | |
|--|--------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------|------|------|--|
| Pre FEC Bit Error Ratio | | | | 2.40E-04 | | | |
| Post FEC Bit Error Ratio | Icc | | | 1.00E-12 | | 1 | |
| Transceiver | | | | | | | |
| Data rate per lane | DR | | 26.5625 | | GBd | | |
| Modulation format | | | PAM4 | | | | |
| Center Wavelength | λ | 1304.5 | 1310 | 1317.5 | nm | | |
| RMS spectral width | σ | | | 0.6 | nm | | |
| Average Launch power, each lane | Pavg | -2.9 | | 4 | dBm | 2 | |
| Outer Optical Modulation Amplitude (OMAouter), Each Lane | POMA | -0.8 | | 4.2 | dBm | 3 | |
| Launch Power in OMAouter Minus TDECQ, Each Lane | | -2.2 | | | dB | | |
| Transmitter and Dispersion Eye Clouser for PAM4, Each Lane | TDECQ | | | 3.4 | dB | 4 | |
| Average Launch Power of OFF Transmitter, per Lane | | | | -15 | dBm | | |
| Extinction ratio | ER | 3.5 | | | dB | | |
| Transmitter power excursion, each lane | | | | 2.3 | dBm | | |
| Optical Return Loss Tolerance | ORLT | | | 21.4 | dB | | |
| Transmitter Reflectance | | | | -26 | dBm | | |
| Encircled fluxb | | | ≥86% at 19 um ≤30% at 4.5 um | | | | |
| Differential pk-pk Input Voltage tolerance | 900 | | | | mV | 5 | |
| Differential Termination Mismatch | | | | 10 | % | | |
| Differential Input Return Loss | | IEEE802 | .3-2015Equation | n(83E-5) | dB | | |
| Common-mode to differential-mode return loss | | IEEE802.3ck Equation (120G–1) | | | dB | | |
| Module Stressed Input Test | | See IEEE 802.3bs 120E.3.4.1 | | | | 6 | |
| Single-ended Voltage Tolerance Range(Min) | | | -0.4 to 3.3 | | V | | |
| DC Common Mode Input Voltage | | -350 | | 2850 | mV | 7 | |



| RIN21.4OMA | | | | -136 | dB/Hz | | |
|--|-------------------|----|--------------------------------|-------------|--------|------|-----|
| | | | Receiver | | | | |
| Data rate per lane | | BR | 26.5625±100ppm | | | | Gbd |
| Modulation format | | | | PAM4 | | | |
| Center Wavelength | | λ | 1304.5 | 1310 | 1317.5 | nm | |
| Damage threshold | | | 5 | | | dBm | 8 |
| Average receive power, | , each lane | | -5.9 | | 5 | dBm | 9 |
| Receive power, each la | ne (OMAouter) | | | | 4.2 | dBm | |
| Receiver reflectance | | Rr | | | -26 | dB | |
| Receiver Sensitivity(ON Lane | MAouter), Each | | | Equation(1) | | dBm | 10 |
| Stressed receiver sensi | tivity, each lane | | | | -1.9 | dBm | 11 |
| | Assert | | -15 | | | dBm | |
| Rx LOS | De-assert | | | | -8.9 | dBm | |
| | Hysteresis | | 0.5 | | | dB | |
| Differential Peak-to-Pea Voltage | ak Output | | | | 900 | mVpp | |
| Differential termination | mismatch | | | | 10 | % | |
| Eye height | | | 15 | | | mV | |
| Vertical eye closure | | | | | 12 | dB | |
| Common-mode to differ return loss | rential-mode | | IEEE802.3- 2015Equation(83E-3) | | | | |
| Effective return loss | | | 8.5 | | | dB | |
| Transition time | | | 9.5 | | | ps | |
| Near-end Eye Symmetr Width(ESMW) | ry Mask | | | 0.265 | | UI | |
| Near-end Eye Height, Differential | | | 70 | | | mV | |
| Far-end Eye Symmetry Mask Width(ESMW) | | | 0.2 | 0.2 | | UI | |
| Far-end Eye Height, Differential | | | 30 | | | mV | |
| Far-end Pre-cursor ISI Ratio | | | -4.5 | | 2.5 | % | |
| Common Mode Output | Voltage(Vcm) | | -350 | | 2850 | mV | |
| Stressed Eye Closure for (SECQ), Lane Under Te | | | | | 3.4 | dB | 12 |

Note1: FEC is provided by host system.

Note2: Average launch power, each lane (min) is informative and not the principal indicator of signal strength. A transmitter with launch power below this value cannot be compliant; however, a value above this does not ensure compliance.

Note3: Even if the TDECQ < 1.4dB for an extinction ratio of ≥ 5dB or TDECQ < 1.1dB for an extinction ratio of < 5dB, the OMAOuter (min) must exceed the minimum value specified here.

Note4: Ceq is a coefficient defined in IEEE Std 802.3-2018 clause 121.8.5.3 which accounts for reference equalizer noise enhancement



Note5: With the exception to IEEE 802.3bs 120E.3.1.2 that the pattern is PRBS31Q or scrambled idle.

Note6: Meets BER specified in IEEE 802.3bs 120E.1.1.

Note7: DC common mode voltage generated by the host. Specification includes effects of ground offset voltage.

Note8: Average receive power, each lane (min) is informative and not the principal indicator of signal strength. A received power below this value cannot be compliant; however, a value above this does not ensure compliance.

Note9: The receiver shall be able to tolerate, without damage, continuous exposure to a modulated optical input signal having this power level on one lane. The receiver does not have to operate correctly at this input power

Note10: Receiver sensitivity (OMAOuter), each lane (max) is informative and is defined for a transmitter with a value of SECQ up to 3.4 dB. It should meet Equation (1), which is illustrated in Figure 1.

Note11: Measured with conformance test signal at TP3 for the BER equal to 2.4E-4.

Note12: These test conditions are for measuring stressed receiver sensitivity. They are not characteristics of the receiver.

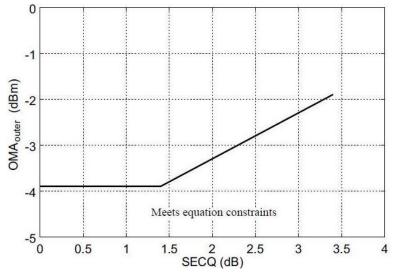


Figure 1. Illustration of Receiver Sensitivity Mask for 400G-DR4 = max(-3.9, -5.3) (1) Where: RS is the receiver sensitivity, and

SECQ is the SECQ of the transmitter used to measure the receiver sensitivity.



Recommended Host Board Power Supply Circuit

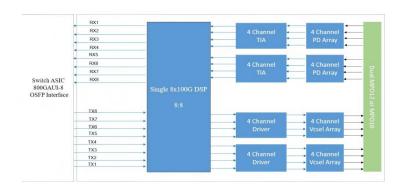


Figure 1: Module Block Diagram

Recommended Interface Circuit

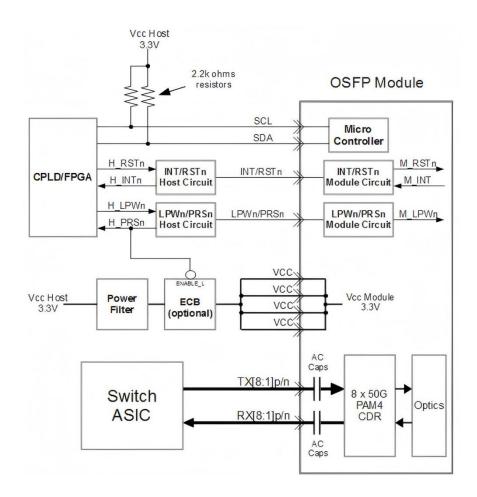


Figure2:Recommended Interface Circuit



Optical Interface

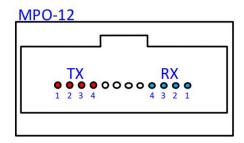


Figure3:Optical Lane Sequence

Pin-out Definition

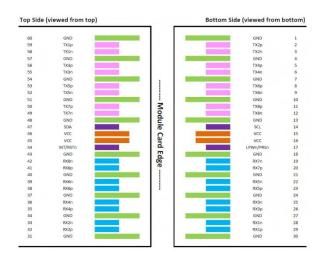


Figure4:Pin view

Pin Function Definitions

| Pin | Logic | Symbol | Description | Note |
|-----|-------|--------|-------------------------------|------|
| 1 | | GND | Ground | |
| 2 | CML-I | TX2p | Transmitter Data Non-Inverted | |
| 3 | CML-I | TX2n | Transmitter Data Inverted | |
| 4 | | GND | Ground | |
| 5 | CML-I | TX4p | Transmitter Data Non-Inverted | |
| 6 | CML-I | TX4n | Transmitter Data Inverted | |
| 7 | | GND | Ground | |
| 8 | CML-I | TX6p | Transmitter Data Non-Inverted | |
| 9 | CML-I | TX6n | Transmitter Data Inverted | |



| 10 | | GND | Ground | |
|----|-------------|-----------|---------------------------------|---|
| 11 | CML-I | TX8p | Transmitter Data Non-Inverted | |
| 12 | CML-I | TX8n | Transmitter Data Inverted | |
| 13 | | GND | Ground | |
| 14 | LVCMOS-I/O | SCL | 2-wire Serial interface clock | 1 |
| 15 | | VCC | +3.3V Power | |
| 16 | | VCC | +3.3V Power | |
| 17 | Multi-Level | LPWn/PRSn | Low-Power Mode / Module Present | 2 |
| 18 | | GND | Ground | |
| 19 | CML-O | RX7n | Receiver Data Inverted | |
| 20 | CML-O | RX7p | Receiver Data Non-Inverted | |
| 21 | | GND | Ground | |
| 22 | CML-O | RX5n | Receiver Data Inverted | |
| 23 | CML-O | RX5p | Receiver Data Non-Inverted | |
| 24 | | GND | Ground | |
| 25 | CML-O | RX3n | Receiver Data Inverted | |
| 26 | CML-O | RX3p | Receiver Data Non-Inverted | |
| 27 | | GND | Ground | |
| 28 | CML-O | RX1n | Receiver Data Inverted | |
| 29 | CML-O | RX1p | Receiver Data Non-Inverted | |
| 30 | | GND | Ground | |
| 31 | | GND | Ground | |
| 32 | CML-O | RX2p | Receiver Data Non-Inverted | |
| 33 | CML-O | RX2n | Receiver Data Inverted | |
| 34 | | GND | Ground | |
| 35 | CML-O | RX4p | Receiver Data Non-Inverted | |
| 36 | CML-O | RX4n | Receiver Data Inverted | |
| 37 | | GND | Ground | |
| 38 | CML-O | RX6p | Receiver Data Non-Inverted | |
| 39 | CML-O | RX6n | Receiver Data Inverted | |
| 40 | | GND | Ground | |
| 41 | CML-O | RX8p | Receiver Data Non-Inverted | |
| 42 | CML-O | RX8n | Receiver Data Inverted | |
| 43 | | GND | Ground | |
| 44 | Multi-Level | INT/RSTn | Module Interrupt / Module Reset | 2 |
| 45 | | VCC | +3.3V Power | |
| 46 | | VCC | +3.3V Power | |
| 47 | LVCMOS-I/O | SDA | 2-wire Serial interface data | 1 |



| 48 | | GND | Ground |
|----|-------|------|-------------------------------|
| 49 | CML-I | TX7n | Transmitter Data Inverted |
| 50 | CML-I | TX7p | Transmitter Data Non-Inverted |
| 51 | | GND | Ground |
| 52 | CML-I | TX5n | Transmitter Data Inverted |
| 53 | CML-I | TX5p | Transmitter Data Non-Inverted |
| 54 | | GND | Ground |
| 55 | CML-I | TX3n | Transmitter Data Inverted |
| 56 | CML-I | TX3p | Transmitter Data Non-Inverted |
| 57 | | GND | Ground |
| 58 | CML-I | TX1n | Transmitter Data Inverted |
| 59 | CML-I | TX1p | Transmitter Data Non-Inverted |
| 60 | | GND | Ground |

Note1: Open-Drain with pull up resistor on Host. **Note2:** See pin description for required circuit.



Monitoring Specification

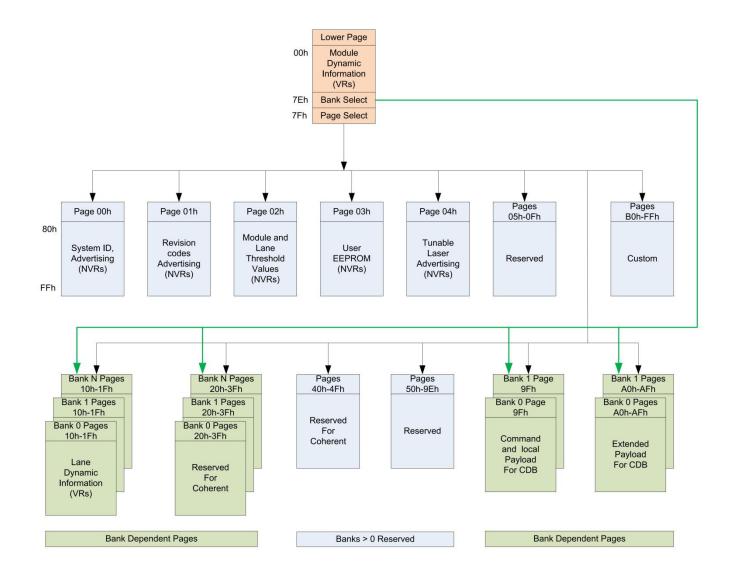


Figure5:Memory map

Memory map table

| Byte | Unit | Name | Description | | |
|----------------|------|---------------------|---|--|--|
| Lower Page 00h | | | | | |
| 0 | 1 | Identifier | Identifier - Type of Serial Module - See SFF-8024. | | |
| 1 | 1 | Revision Compliance | Identifier – CMIS revision; the upper nibble is the whole number part and the lower nibble is the decimal part. Example: 01h indicates version 0.1, 21h indicates version 2.1. | | |
| 2-3 | 2 | ID and Status Area | Flat mem indication, CLEI present indicator, Maximum TWI speed, | | |



| | | | Current state of Module, Current state of the Interrupt signal. |
|---------|----|---------------------------------|---|
| 4-7 | 4 | Lane Flag Summary | Flag summary of all lane flags on pages 10h-1Fh. |
| 8-13 | 6 | Module-Level Flags | All flags that are not lane or data path specific. |
| 14-25 | 12 | Module-Level Monitors | Monitors that are not lane or data path specific. |
| 26-30 | 5 | Module Global Controls | Controls applicable to the module as a whole |
| 31-36 | 6 | Module-Level Flag Masks | Masking bits for the Module-Level flags |
| 37-38 | 2 | CDB Status Area | Status of most recent CDB command |
| 39-40 | 2 | Module Firmware Version | Module Firmware Version. |
| 41-63 | 23 | Reserved Area | Reserved for future standardization |
| 64-82 | 19 | Custom Area | Vendor or module type specific use |
| 83-84 | 2 | Inactive Firmware Version | Version Number of Inactive Firmware. Values of 00h indicates module supports only a single image. |
| 85-117 | 33 | Application Advertising | Combinations of host and media interfaces that are supported by module data path(s) |
| 118-125 | 8 | Password Entry and Change | Password Entry and Change |
| 126 | 1 | Bank Select Byte | Bank address of currently visible Page |
| 127 | 1 | Page Select Byte | Page address of currently visible Page |
| | | Upp | oer Page 00h |
| 128 | 1 | Identifier | Identifier - Type of Serial Module - See SFF-8024. |
| 129-144 | 16 | Vendor name | Vendor name (ASCII) |
| 145-147 | 2 | Vendor OUI | Vendor IEEE company ID |
| 148-163 | 16 | Vendor PN | Part number provided by vendor (ASCII) |
| 164-165 | 8 | Vendor rev | Revision level for part number provided by vendor (ASCII) |
| 166-181 | 10 | Vendor SN | Vendor Serial Number (ASCII) |
| 182-183 | 2 | Date code year | ASCII code, two low order digits of year (00=2000) |
| 184-185 | 2 | Date code month | ASCII code digits of month (01=Jan through 12=Dec) |
| 186-187 | 2 | Date code day of month | ASCII code day of month (01-31) |
| 188-189 | 2 | Lot code | ASCII code, custom lot code, may be blank |
| 190-199 | 10 | CLEI code | Common Language Equipment Identification code |
| 200-201 | 2 | Module power characteristics | Module power characteristics |
| 202 | 1 | Cable assembly length | Cable assembly length |
| 203 | 1 | Media Connector Type | Media Connector Type |
| 204 | 1 | 5 GHz attenuation | Passive copper cable attenuation at 5 GHz in 1 dB increments |
| 205 | 1 | 7 GHz attenuation | Passive copper cable attenuation at 7 GHz in 1 dB increments |
| 206 | 1 | 12.9 GHz attenuation | Passive copper cable attenuation at 12.9 GHz in 1 dB increments |
| 207 | 1 | 25.8 GHz attenuation | Passive copper cable attenuation at 25.8 GHz in 1 dB increments |
| 208-209 | 2 | Reserved | Reserved |
| 210-211 | 2 | Cable Assembly Lane Information | Cable Assembly Lane Information |



| 213-220 221 222 | 8 1 | Reserved | Reserved |
|-----------------------|--------|--|---|
| | 1 | | Reserved |
| 222 | | Custom | Custom |
| | 1 | Checksum | Includes bytes 128-221 |
| 223-255 | 33 | Custom Info NV | Custom Info NV |
| | | Page | 01h (Optional) |
| 128 | 1 | Inactive Module firmware major revision | Numeric representation of inactive module firmware major revision |
| 129 | 1 | Inactive Module firmware minor revision | Inactive Module firmware minor revision |
| 130 | 1 | Module hardware major revision | Module hardware major revision |
| 131 | 1 | Module hardware minor revision | Module hardware minor revision |
| 132 | 1 | Length (SMF) | Bits7-6 Length multiplier(SMF),Bits 5-0 Base Length (SMF) |
| 133 | 1 | Length (OM5) | Link length supported for OM5 fiber, units of 2 m (2 to 510 m) |
| 134 | 1 | Length (OM4) | Link length supported for OM4 fiber, units of 2 m (2 to 510 m) |
| 135 | 1 | Length (OM3) | Link length supported for EBW 50/125 μm fiber (OM3), units of 2m (2 to 510 m) |
| 136 | 1 | Length (OM2) | Link length supported for 50/125 μm fiber (OM2), units of 1m (1 to 255 m) |
| 137 | 1 | Reserved | Reserved |
| 138-139 | 2 | Nominal Wavelength | Nominal Wavelength |
| 140-141 | 2 | Wavelength Tolerance | Wavelength Tolerance |
| 142-144 | 3 | Implemented Memory Pages and Durations advertising | Implemented Memory Pages and Durations advertising |
| 145-154 | 10 | Module Characteristics advertising | Module Characteristics advertising |
| 155-156 | 2 | Implemented Controls advertising | Implemented Controls advertising |
| 157-158 | 2 | Implemented Flags advertising | Implemented Flags advertising |
| 159-160 | 2 | Implemented Monitors advertising | Implemented Monitors advertising |
| 161-162 | 2 | Implemented Signal Integrity Controls advertising | Implemented Signal Integrity Controls advertising |
| 163-166 | 4 | CDB support advertising | CDB support advertising |
| 167-168 | 2 | Additional Durations advertising | Additional Durations advertising |
| 169-175 | 7 | Reserved | Reserved |
| 176-190 | 15 | Module Media Lane advertising | Coded 1 if the Application is allowed to begin on a given media lane. Bits 0-7 correspond to Host Lanes 1-8. In multi-lane Applications each instance of an Application shall use contiguous media lane numbers. If multiple instances of a single Application are allowed each starting point is identified. If multiple instances are advertised, |

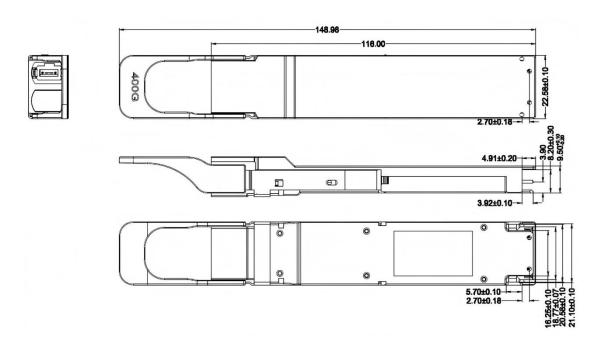


| | | | all instance must be supported concurrently. | | |
|---------------------|----|--|---|--|--|
| 191-222 | 32 | Custom | Custom | | |
| 223-250 | 28 | Extended Module Host-Media Interface Advertising options | Extended Module Host-Media Interface Advertising options | | |
| 251-254 | 4 | Reserved | Reserved | | |
| 255 | 1 | Checksum | Checksum | | |
| Page 02h (Optional) | | | | | |
| 128-129 | 2 | Temperature monitor high alarm | | | |
| 130-131 | 2 | Temperature monitor low alarm | | | |
| 132-133 | 2 | Temperature monitor high warning | Thresholds for internally measured temperature monitor: signed 2's complement in 1/256 degree Celsius increments | | |
| 134-135 | 2 | Temperature monitor low warning | | | |
| 136-137 | 2 | Supply 3.3-volt monitor high alarm | | | |
| 138-139 | 2 | Supply 3.3-volt monitor low alarm | Thresholds for internally measured 3.3 volt input supply voltage: in | | |
| 140-141 | 2 | Supply 3.3-volt monitor high warning | 100 μV increments | | |
| 142-143 | 2 | Supply 3.3-volt monitor low warning | | | |
| 144-145 | 2 | Aux 1 monitor high alarm | Thresholds for TEC Current or Reserved monitor TEC Current: | | |
| 146-147 | 2 | Aux 1 monitor low alarm | signed 2's complement in 100/32767% increments of maximum TEC | | |
| 148-149 | 2 | Aux 1 monitor high warning | current | | |
| 150-151 | 2 | Aux 1 monitor low warning | +32767 is max TEC current (100%) – Max Heating -32767 is min TEC current (100%) – Max Cooling | | |
| 152-153 | 2 | Aux 2 monitor high alarm | Thresholds for TEC Current or Laser Temperature monitor TEC | | |
| 154-155 | 2 | Aux 2 monitor low alarm | Current: signed 2's complement in 100/32767%increments of | | |
| 156-157 | 2 | Aux 2 monitor high warning | maximum TEC current +32767 is max TEC current (100%) – Max Heating | | |
| 158-159 | 2 | Aux 2 monitor low warning | -32767 is min TEC current (100%) – Max Cooling Laser Temperature: signed 2's complement in 1/256 degree Celsius increments | | |
| 160-161 | 2 | Aux 3 monitor high alarm | Thresholds for Laser Temperature or additional supply voltage | | |
| 162-163 | 2 | Aux 3 monitor low alarm | monitorLaser Temperature: signed 2's complement in 1/256 degree | | |
| 164-165 | 2 | Aux 3 monitor high warning | Celsius increments | | |
| 166-167 | 2 | Aux 3 monitor low warning | NOTE: Laser Temp can be below 0 if uncooled or in Tx Disable.Additional supply voltage monitor: in 100 μV increments | | |
| 168-169 | 2 | Custom monitor high alarm | | | |
| 170-171 | 2 | Custom monitor low alarm | Custom monitor: signed or unsigned 16 bit value | | |
| 172-173 | 2 | Custom monitor high warning | Custom monitor. Signor of unsignor to bit value | | |
| 174-175 | 2 | Custom monitor low warning | | | |



| 176-177 | 2 | Tx optical power high alarm | Threshold for Tx optical power monitor: unsigned integer in 0.1 uW |
|---------|----|-------------------------------|---|
| 178-179 | 2 | Tx optical power low alarm | increments, yielding a total measurement range of 0 to 6.5535 mW |
| 180-181 | 2 | Tx optical power high warning | (~-40 to +8.2 dBm)See section 8.8.3 for monitor details including |
| 182-183 | 2 | Tx optical power low warning | accuracy |
| 184-185 | 2 | Tx bias current high alarm | |
| 186-187 | 2 | Tx bias current low alarm | Threshold for Tx bias monitor: unsigned integer in 2 uA increments, |
| 188-189 | 2 | Tx bias current high warning | times the multiplier from Table 8-33. See section 8.8.3 for monitor details including accuracy |
| 190-191 | 2 | Tx bias current low warning | dotails including decards, |
| 192-193 | 2 | Rx optical power high alarm | |
| 194-195 | 2 | Rx bias current low alarm | Threshold for Rx optical power monitor: unsigned integer in 0.1 uW |
| 196-197 | 2 | Rx bias current high warning | increments, yielding a total measurement range of 0 to 6.5535 mW (~-40 to +8.2 dBm) See section 8.8.3 for accuracy. |
| 198-199 | 2 | Rx bias current low warning | (To to Your ability one occurrence for accountably. |
| 200-229 | 30 | Reserved | Reserved |
| 230-254 | 25 | Custom | Custom |
| 255 | 1 | Checksum | Covers bytes 128-254 |

Mechanical Dimension





Test Center

1. Performance Testing

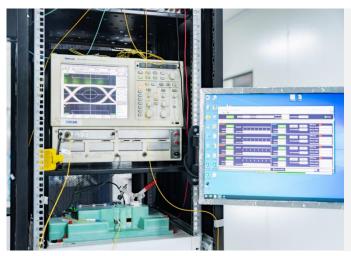
Every fiber optic transceiver is thoroughly tested by the LSOLINK Assurance Program, which is equipped with the world's most advanced analytical equipment to ensure that our transceivers meet the industry's international public protocol standards while still functioning flawlessly in your facility.



Optical Spectrum Inspection

Using the industry's leading optical spectrum analyser to check in real time that the parameters of the optical transceiver's laser comply with industry standards.

- Peak: Peak wavelength and peak level
- > 2nd Peak: Side-mode wavelength and level
- > Mean WI: Center wavelength
- Total Power: Total power of spectrum
- SMSR: Side-Mode Suppression Ratio



Optical Signal Quality Inspection

Using highly efficient sampling oscilloscopes and BERT testers, equipped with an automated test platform to accurately test the signal quality of the transceiver, test records are kept for up to 5 years to ensure the traceability of each transceiver.

- Eye Mask Margin(NRZ)
- > TDECQ(PAM4):transmitter dispersion eye closure
- > OMA: Optical modulation amplitude
- **BER:** Bit error rate
- ER: Extinction Ratio



Flow Pressure Test

Using multi-protocol network traffic analyser with various brands of switches to test the transceiver's ability to transmit at full speed.

- **Bandwidth:** Actual transceiver bandwidth on the port
- Packet Loss
- Packet Errors:CRC Errors/PCS Errors/Symbol Errors
- LinkDown Counts
- > latency

Aboveis part of our test bed network equipment. For more information, Please click <u>download</u> for optical transceiver performance test report.



2. Quality Control

We adopt advanced quality management solutions. Each transceiver is self-inspected, including:20x microscope inspection, 200x microscope inspection, and QC process inspection.



visual inspection



Microscopic inspection: 20X



Microscopic inspection: 200X



Reliability Verification



Optical endface inspection



OQC Inspection



Order Information

| Part Number | Description |
|----------------|---|
| 400G-OSFP-VR4 | 400GBASE-VR4 OSFP PAM4 850nm 50m DOM MTP/MPO-12 APC MMF Transceiver Module, Flat Top |
| 400G-OSFP-SR4 | 400GBASE-SR4 OSFP PAM4 850nm 100m DOM MTP/MPO-12 APC MMF Optical Transceiver Module |
| 400G-OSFP-DR4 | 400GBASE-DR4 OSFP PAM4 1310nm 500m DOM MTP/MPO-12 APC SMF Optical Transceiver Module |
| 800G-OSFP-2VR4 | 800GBASE-2xSR4 OSFP PAM4 850nm 50m DOM Dual MTP/MPO-12 APC MMF Optical Transceiver Module |
| 800G-OSFP-2SR4 | 800GBASE-2xSR4 OSFP PAM4 850nm 100m DOM Dual MTP/MPO-12 APC MMF Optical Transceiver Module |
| 800G-OSFP-2DR4 | 800GBASE-2xDR4 OSFP PAM4 1310nm 500m DOM Dual MTP/MPO-12 APC SMF Optical Transceiver Module |
| 800G-OSFP-2FR4 | 800GBASE-2xFR4 OSFP PAM4 1310nm 2km DOM Dual Duplex LC SMF Optical Transceiver Module |



Further Information

Lighting the Path to Global Links

- Web | www.lsolink.com
- ☑ Email | For Sales@lsolink.com

Disclaimer

- We are committed to continuous product improvement and feature upgrades, and the contents cont ained in this manual are subject to change without notice.
- 2. Nothing herein should be construed as constituting an additional warranty.
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